

# Linear and Integer Optimization

## Assignment Sheet 8

### Inofficial English Translation

1. Let  $G$  be simple undirected graph. Consider the following linear program:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \min \quad & \sum_{e=\{v,w\} \in E(G)} x_{vw} \\
 \text{s.t.} \quad & \sum_{w \in S} x_{vw} \geq \left\lceil \frac{1}{4}|S|^2 + \frac{1}{2}|S| \right\rceil \quad \text{for } v \in V(G), S \subseteq V(G) \setminus \{v\} \\
 & x_{uw} \leq x_{uv} + x_{vw} \quad \text{for } u, v, w \in V(G) \\
 & x_{vw} \geq 0 \quad \text{for } v \in V(G) \\
 & x_{vv} = 0 \quad \text{for } v \in V(G)
 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Show that this is a relaxation of the following problem: Find distances  $x_{vw}$  for the nodes of  $G$  such that  $\sum_{e=\{v,w\} \in E(G)} x_{vw}$  is minimized under the condition that there is an ordering  $\{v_1, \dots, v_{|V(G)|}\} = V(G)$  with  $x_{v_i v_j} = |i - j|$  for  $i, j \in \{1, \dots, |V(G)|\}$ .
- (b) Prove that there is a polynomial-time separation oracle for the polyhedron of the feasible solutions of the LP. (2+3 points)

2. A semidefinite program is an optimization problem

$$\begin{aligned}
 \min \quad & C \star X \\
 & A_i \star X \leq b_i \quad \forall i = 1, \dots, m \\
 & X \succeq 0 \\
 & X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}
 \end{aligned}$$

where  $C, A_1, \dots, A_m$  are matrices,  $A \star X := \sum_{1 \leq i, j \leq n} a_{ij} x_{ij}$  and  $X \succeq 0$  means that  $X$  is symmetric and positiv semidefinite.

- (a) Show that the set  $\{X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \mid X \succeq 0\}$  is a closed cone.
- (b) Construct a polynomial-time separation oracle for this set. (You may assume that you can compute basic arithmetic operations on real numbers, including square roots, exactly and in constant time.) (3+3 points)
3. Let  $\mathcal{A}$  be an algorithm that finds, given a feasiible and bounded LP  $\max\{c^t x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid Ax \leq b\}$  (with  $c \in \mathbb{Q}^n$ ,  $A \in \mathbb{Q}^{m \times n}$  and  $b \in \mathbb{Q}^m$ ) in polynomial running time an optimum solution. Show that there is a polynomial algorithm that always finds an optimum solution that is a vertex of  $P = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid Ax \leq b\}$ , provided that  $P$  is pointed. (4 points)
4. Let  $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be a convex set with  $rB^n \subseteq K \subseteq RB^n$  for some numbers  $0 < r \leq \frac{R}{2}$ . Assume that you are given an oracle with polynomial running time that computes an optimum solution in  $K$  for any linear objective function. Show that there is a separation oracle with polynomial running time for  $K^* := \{y \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid y^t x \leq 1 \text{ for all } x \in K\}$ . (5 points)

**Due date:** Thursday, June 2, 2022, before the lecture in the lecture hall.